#### **General information**

This diagnostic kit is designed to detect specific antibodies against the nucleoprotein (NP) of the Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever virus (CCHFV).

It can be used with serum, plasma, and blood filter paper samples from bovine, ovine, caprine, human (for research use only) samples or from any other susceptible species.

For more information regarding use in a particular species, please contact Innovative Diagnostics.

#### **Description and principle**

Wells are coated with recombinant purified CCHF nucleoprotein antigen (NP).

Samples to be tested and the controls are added to the microwells. Anti-NP antibodies, if present, form an antibody-antigen complex.

After washing, a recombinant purified CCHF nucleoprotein antigen-HRP conjugate is added to the microwells. It fixes to the free Fab of the bound serum anti-NP antibodies

After washing in order to eliminate the excess conjugate, the Substrate solution (TMB) is added.

The resulting coloration depends on the quantity of specific antibodies present in the sample to be tested:

- in the presence of antibodies, a blue coloration appears which becomes yellow after addition of the Stop solution.
- in the absence of antibodies, no coloration appears.

The microplate is read at 450nm.

Note: This kit does not contain infectious material.

#### Kit components

Reagents*	
Microplates coated with CCHFV recombinant nucleoprotein	
Concentrated Conjugate (10X), freeze-dried	
Reconstitution Buffer	
Positive Control	
Negative Control	
Dilution Buffer 14	
Wash Concentrate (20X)	
Substrate Solution	
Stop Solution (0.5 M)	

<sup>\*</sup> Quantities supplied are indicated on the kit label.

- The Conjugate, the Controls and the Substrate solution must be stored at 5°C (± 3°C).
- The other reagents can be stored between +2°C and +26°C.
- For detailed storage conditions of opened and/or diluted components, please refer to www.innovative-diagnostics.com/storage-conditions
- Wash and Stop solutions can be used for the entire IDvet product range. Substrate solutions and Dilution buffers with same batch numbers are interchangeable.

#### Materials required but not provided

- 1. Mono or multi-channel pipettes capable of delivering volumes of 10  $\mu$ L, 100  $\mu$ L, and 500  $\mu$ L.
- 2. Disposable tips.
- 3. 96-well microplate.
- Distilled or deionized water.
- 5. Manual or automatic wash system.
- 6. 96-well microplate reader.

#### **Precautions**

1. Do not pipette by mouth.

- Contains components that can be harmful to the skin and eyes and may cause sensitization by skin contact. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use protective lab coat, one-way gloves and safety glasses. The stop solution (0.5 M acid) may be harmful if swallowed.
- Do not expose the Substrate solution to bright light nor to oxidizing agents.
- All waste should be properly decontaminated prior to disposal. Dispose in accordance with local regulations.

Please refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet, available upon request at <a href="mailto:info@innovative-diagnostics.com">info@innovative-diagnostics.com</a> for more detailed information.

#### Samples preparation

In order to avoid differences in incubation times between specimens, it is possible to prepare a 96-well microplate containing the test and control specimens, before transferring them into an ELISA microplate using a multichannel pipette.

#### Wash solution preparation

If necessary, bring the **Wash Concentrate (20X)** to room temperature and mix thoroughly to ensure that the Wash Concentrate is completely solubilized.

Prepare the **Wash Solution (1X)** by diluting **the Wash Concentrate (20 X)** to 1:20 in distilled/deionized water.

The quality of the wash step may influence results. Ensure that wells are completely empty between washes. If using an automatic washer, it is extremely important to correctly parameter the machine (mode, type of aspiration, aspiration height). For more information, please consult the "IDvet Washing Guide", available upon request.

## Reagent preparation and storage

#### Concentrated Conjugate (10X), freeze-dried:

Reconstitute the freeze-dried Concentrated Conjugate 10X with the Reconstitution Buffer supplied in the kit. The volume to be added is mentioned on the label of each vial. Wait approximately 5 minutes and mix gently but thoroughly. Ensure complete solubilization.

To guarantee constant performance once reconstituted, the Concentrated Conjugate 10X can be stored up to 6

months at 5°C (± 3°C). For long-term storage, divide into small aliquots and store at -20°C until the kit expiry date. Each aliquot may undergo no more than 3 freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Testing procedure**

Allow all reagents to come to room temperature (21°C  $\pm$ 5°C) before use. Homogenize all reagents by inversion or vortexing.

#### A. Serum and plasma samples

- 1. In the ELISA microplate, add:
- 50 µL of Dilution Buffer 14 to each well.
- 30 uL of the Negative Control to wells A1 and B1.
- 30 µL of the **Positive Control** to wells C1 and D1.
- 30 μL of **each sample to be tested** to the remaining wells
- 2. Cover the plate and incubate **45 min**  $\pm$  **4 min** at 21°C ( $\pm$  5°C).
- 3. Proceed to Part C.

#### B. Filter paper samples (Whatman #1 or #3)

**ATTENTION:** Analytical sensitivity on blood filter paper samples is slightly inferior (2-fold reduction) compared to serum testing procedure.

- Place 2 filter paper discs (Ø 6mm) per animal in a tube or a deepwell plate. Please contact Innovative Diagnostics for more information.
- 2. Add 250 µL of Dilution Buffer 14.
- Homogenize by agitation or vortex. Ensure that each disc is completely immersed in the Dilution Buffer 14. Seal each tube.
- 4. Elute overnight (16-20 hours) at 21°C (± 5°C).
- Homogenize by agitation, or vortex at the end of the elution.
- 6. In the ELISA microplate, add:
- 85 μL of Dilution Buffer 14 and 15 μL of the Negative Control to wells A1 and B1.
- 85 μL of Dilution Buffer 14 and 15 μL of the Positive Control to wells C1 and D1.
- 200 µL of each filter paper sample eluate to be tested in the remaining wells.

- 7. Cover the plate and incubate **overnight** (16-20 hours) at  $21^{\circ}$ C ( $\pm$   $5^{\circ}$ C).
- 8. Proceed to Part C.

# C. Remaining steps common to serum, plasma and filter paper samples

- Prepare the Conjugate 1X by diluting the Concentrated Conjugate 10X to 1:10 in Dilution Buffer 14.
- Empty the wells. Wash each well <u>5 times</u> with at least 300 µL of the Wash Solution. Avoid drying of the wells between washes.
- 3. Add 50 µL of the Conjugate 1X to each well.
- 4. Cover the plate and incubate 30 min  $\pm$  3 min at 21°C ( $\pm$  5°C).
- Empty the wells. Wash each well <u>5 times</u> with at least 300 µL of the **Wash Solution**. Avoid drying of the wells between washes.
- 6. Add 100  $\mu L$  of the **Substrate Solution** to each well.
- 7. Cover the plate and incubate 15 min  $\pm$  2 min at 21°C ( $\pm$  5°C) in the dark.
- 8. Add 100  $\mu$ L of the **Stop Solution** to each well, in the same order as in step N°6, to stop the reaction.
- 9. Read and record the O.D. at 450nm.

# **Validation**

The test is validated if:

✓ the mean value of the Positive control O.D.
(OD<sub>PC</sub>) is greater than 0.350:

$$0D_{PC} > 0.350$$

 $\checkmark$  the ratio of the mean values of the Positive and Negative controls (OD<sub>PC</sub> and OD<sub>NC</sub>) is greater than 3.

$$0D_{PC}/0D_{NC} > 3$$

#### Interpretation

For each sample, calculate the S/P percentage (S/P%):

$$S/P \% = \frac{OD_{sample}}{OD_{PC}} \times 100$$

Samples presenting a S/P percentage (S/P %):

- less than or equal to 30% are considered negative.
- greater than 30 % are considered positive.

Result	Status
S/P% ≤ 30%	NEGATIVE
S/P% > 30%	POSITIVE

**Note:** The ID Soft<sup>TM</sup> data analysis program is available free-of-charge. Please contact, for more information, <a href="mailto:support.software@innovative-diagnostics.com">support.software@innovative-diagnostics.com</a>.

This software program can calculate many parameters (validation criteria, S/P or S/N values, titers, vaccination age, and groups) and offers a graphic representation of the serological profiles of the animals tested.





# ID Screen® CCHF Double Antigen Multi-species



Double antigen ELISA for the detection of antibodies against the Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever virus (CCHFV) in serum, plasma, and blood filter paper samples from cattle, sheep, goats,

humans (for research use only) or any other susceptible species.

For *in vitro* use
For Research Use Only (RUO) on human samples

## **August 2022:**

Human samples testing now available for Research Use Only (RUO), without modifications in the instructions for use (protocol and cut-off). Please refer to publications and peer-reviewed references for more information.

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