### **BT-SPEC-0189**

**Date:** 05/11/09 **Supersedes:** 08/03/04

## OXOID QUALITY ASSURANCE PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

## **ORANGE SERUM AGAR**

#### CM0657

### **Typical Formula\***

Tryptone	grams per litre	10.0
Yeast extract		3.0
Orange serum (equivalent solids)		3.5
Glucose		4.0
Di-potassium phosphate		2.5
Agar		14.0

\* adjusted as required to meet performance standards

#### Directions

Suspend 37g in 1 litre of distilled water. Bring to the boil to dissolve completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 121°C for 15 minutes. Cool to 50°C. Mix well and pour into sterile Petri dishes or hold at 45°C when using the pour plate technique.

#### **Physical Characteristics**

Straw, free-flowing powder Colour on reconstitution - straw 2 Moisture level - less than 7% pH  $5.5 \pm 0.2$  at  $25^{\circ}$ C Clarity - clear Gel strength - firm, comparable to 14.0g/litre of agar

## **Microbiological Tests Using Optimum Inoculum Dilution**

Control Medium: MRS Agar

## Reactions after incubation at 30°C for 24 hours

Medium is challenged with 10-100 colony-forming units

Inoculation using pour plate technique

Streptococcus lactis ATCC® 19435 pinpoint-1mm straw colonies

A satisfactory result for pour plate technique is represented by recovery of positive strains equal to or greater than 70% of the control medium.

Inoculation using surface plate technique

*Leuconostoc mesenteroides* ATCC® 10830a 0.5-1mm straw convex 'wet' colonies

A satisfactory result for surface plate technique is represented by recovery of positive strains equal to or greater than 70% of the control medium.

# Reactions after incubation at 30°C for 48 hours

Inoculation using surface plate technique

Lactobacillus plantarum	ATCC® 8014	0.5mm-2mm straw colonies
Lactobacillus fermentum	ATCC® 9338	0.5mm-2mm straw colonies
Saccharomyces cerevisiae	ATCC® 9763	0.5mm-2mm straw colonies

A satisfactory result for surface plate technique is represented by recovery of positive strains equal to or greater than 70% of the control medium.