



PRODUCT INFORMATION

XapI (ApoI)

#ER1381 500 U

Lot: ____ **Expiry Date:** __

5'...R↓A A T T Y...3'

3'...Y T T A A↑R...5'

Concentration: 10 U/μL

Source: *Xanthomonas ampelina* Slo 51-021

Supplied with: 1 mL of 10X Buffer Tango

Store at -20°C



BSA included

www.thermoscientific.com/onebio

RECOMMENDATIONS

1X Thermo Scientific Tango Buffer (for 100% XapI digestion)

33 mM Tris-acetate (pH 7.9), 10 mM magnesium acetate, 66 mM potassium acetate, 0.1 mg/mL BSA.

Incubation temperature

37°C.

Unit Definition

One unit is defined as the amount of XapI required to digest 1 μg of lambda DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in 50 μL of recommended reaction buffer.

Dilution

Dilute with Dilution Buffer (#B19): 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4 at 25°C), 100 mM KCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 0.2 mg/mL BSA and 50% glycerol.

Double Digests

Tango™ Buffer provided simplifies buffer selection for double digests. 98% of Thermo Scientific restriction enzymes are active in a 1X or 2X concentration of Tango Buffer. Please go to www.thermoscientific.com/doubledigest to choose the best buffer for your experiments.

Storage Buffer

XapI is supplied in: 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4 at 25°C), 100 mM KCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 0.2 mg/mL BSA and 50% glycerol.

Recommended Protocol for Digestion

- Add:
nuclease-free water 16 µL
10X Buffer Tango 2 µL
DNA (0.5-1 µg/µL) 1 µL
XapI 0.5-2 µL*
- Mix gently and spin down for a few seconds.
- Incubate at 37°C for 1-16 hours*.

The digestion reaction may be scaled either up or down.

Recommended Protocol for Digestion of PCR Products Directly after Amplification

- Add:
PCR reaction mixture 10 µL (~0.1-0.5 µg of DNA)
nuclease-free water 18 µL
10X Buffer Tango 2 µL
XapI 1-2 µL*
- Mix gently and spin down for a few seconds.
- Incubate at 37°C for 1-16 hours*.

* See Star Activity.

Thermal Inactivation

XapI is inactivated by incubation at 80°C for 20 min.

ENZYME PROPERTIES

Enzyme Activity in Thermo Scientific REase Buffers, %

B	G	O	R	Tango	2X Tango
50-100	100	0-20	0-20	100	20-50

Star Activity

An excess of XapI (20 U/µg DNA x 1 hour) may result in star activity.

Methylation Effects on Digestion

Dam: never overlaps – no effect.

Dcm: never overlaps – no effect.

CpG: may overlap – no effect.

EcoKI: never overlaps – no effect.

EcoBI: may overlap – effect not determined.

Stability during Prolonged Incubation

A minimum of 0.1 units of the enzyme is required for complete digestion of 1 µg of lambda DNA in 16 hours at 37°C.

Digestion of Agarose-embedded DNA

A minimum of 5 units of the enzyme is required for complete digestion of 1 µg of agarose-embedded lambda DNA in 16 hours.

Compatible Ends

EcoRI, MunI, TasI

Number of Recognition Sites in DNA

λ	ΦX174	pBR322	pUC57	pUC18/19	pTZ19R/U	M13mp18/19
58	7	1	1	1	3	11

For **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS** see back page

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Overdigestion Assay

No detectable change in the specific fragmentation pattern is observed after a 15-fold overdigestion with XapI (15 U/ μ g lambda DNA x 1 hour) (*see* Star Activity).

Ligation and Recleavage (L/R) Assay

The ligation and recleavage assay was replaced with LO test after validating experiments showed LO test ability to trace nuclease and phosphatase activities with sensitivity that is higher than L/R by a factor of 100.

Labeled Oligonucleotide (LO) Assay

No detectable degradation of single-stranded or double-stranded labeled oligonucleotides occurred during incubation with 10 units of XapI for 4 hours.

Blue/White (B/W) Cloning Assay

The B/W assay was replaced with LO test after validating experiments showed LO test ability to detect nuclease and phosphatase activities with sensitivity that equals to that of B/W test.

Quality authorized by:



Jurgita Zilinskiene

PRODUCT USE LIMITATION

This product is developed, designed and sold exclusively *for research purposes and in vitro use only*. The product was not tested for use in diagnostics or for drug development, nor is it suitable for administration to humans or animals.

Please refer to www.thermoscientific.com/onebio for Material Safety Data Sheet of the product.

© 2012 Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. All rights reserved. All trademarks are the property of Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. and its subsidiaries.

